



Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) COMMUNITY SITUATION REPORT

FNHA Public Health Response

July 4, 2022

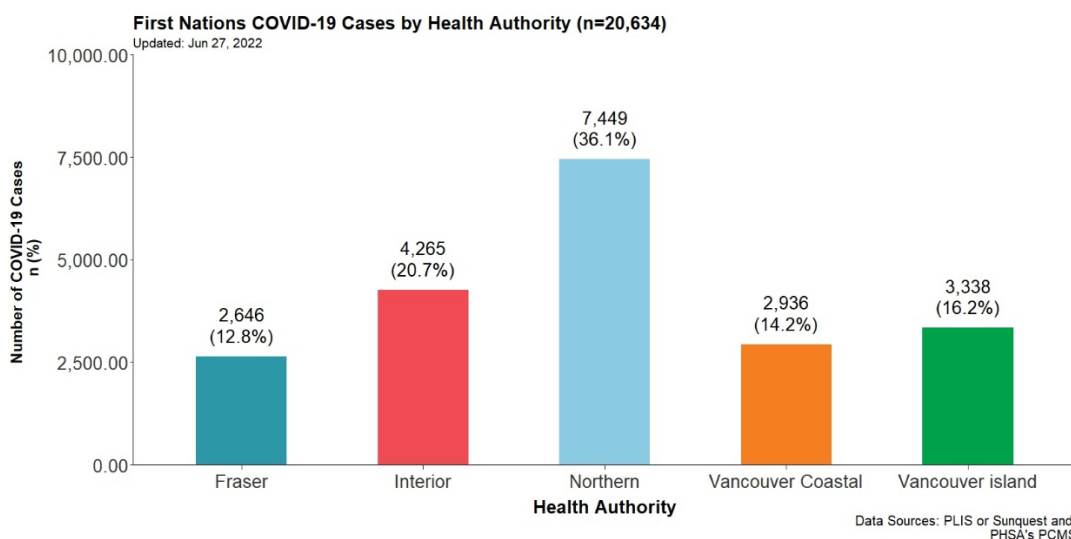
Changes from the previous Community Situation Report are in red.

COVID-19 Updates

As a part of BC's transition plan for COVID-19 surveillance, the province has shifted away from daily to weekly COVID-19 data reporting and has transitioned to a new integrated COVID surveillance system: the Provincial Health Services Authority's (PHSA) Provincial COVID-19 Monitoring Solution (PCMS). This COVID-19 update includes data from the new integrated system. The hospitalization data now includes anyone who has been hospitalized and tests positive for COVID-19. This means that the number of hospitalizations will likely be higher than past reports due to the inclusion of incidental hospitalizations (i.e. people who were hospitalized for non-COVID-19 reasons, but were COVID-19-positive). Total deaths include all COVID-19-related deaths reported by regional health authorities from February 2020 to April 1, 2022, and from April 2022 forward all COVID-19 lab-positive cases of people who died from any cause within 30 days of their first COVID-19 lab-positive result. Going forward, only cases with positive laboratory results will be added to the PHSA's PCMS. This is likely an underestimate of cases. ¹ As it is no longer possible to estimate active cases accurately, we will no longer be reporting on active cases. These changes align with BCCDC's reporting changes.

First Nations Cases in BC – As of June 27, 2022

- There are **20,636** First Nations COVID-19 cases (**20,360** lab diagnosed cases and **276** epi-linked cases). This is an increase of **14 cases among First Nations people in BC** since the last published report.
- Out of the **20,636** cases, **8,806 (42.7%)** are in or near community; **11,079 (53.7%)** are off reserve. Information on in or near community/off reserve is not available for **751 (3.6%)** cases.
- Sadly, there have been **258** COVID-19 related deaths reported among First Nations people living in BC from the beginning of the pandemic to **April 1, 2022**. **Between April 2 and June 14, 2022, 15 First Nations people died from any cause (COVID-19 and non-COVID-19) within 30 days of testing positive for COVID-19.** Due to a reduction in the number of deaths occurring from COVID-19, this will be reported on a monthly basis going forward.
- There have been **2,281 (11.1%)** First Nations people hospitalized due to COVID-19 since March 1, 2020. Of these, **991** hospitalizations are individuals who live in or near community and **1,287** off reserve. Information on in or near community/ off reserve is not available for **3** cases.



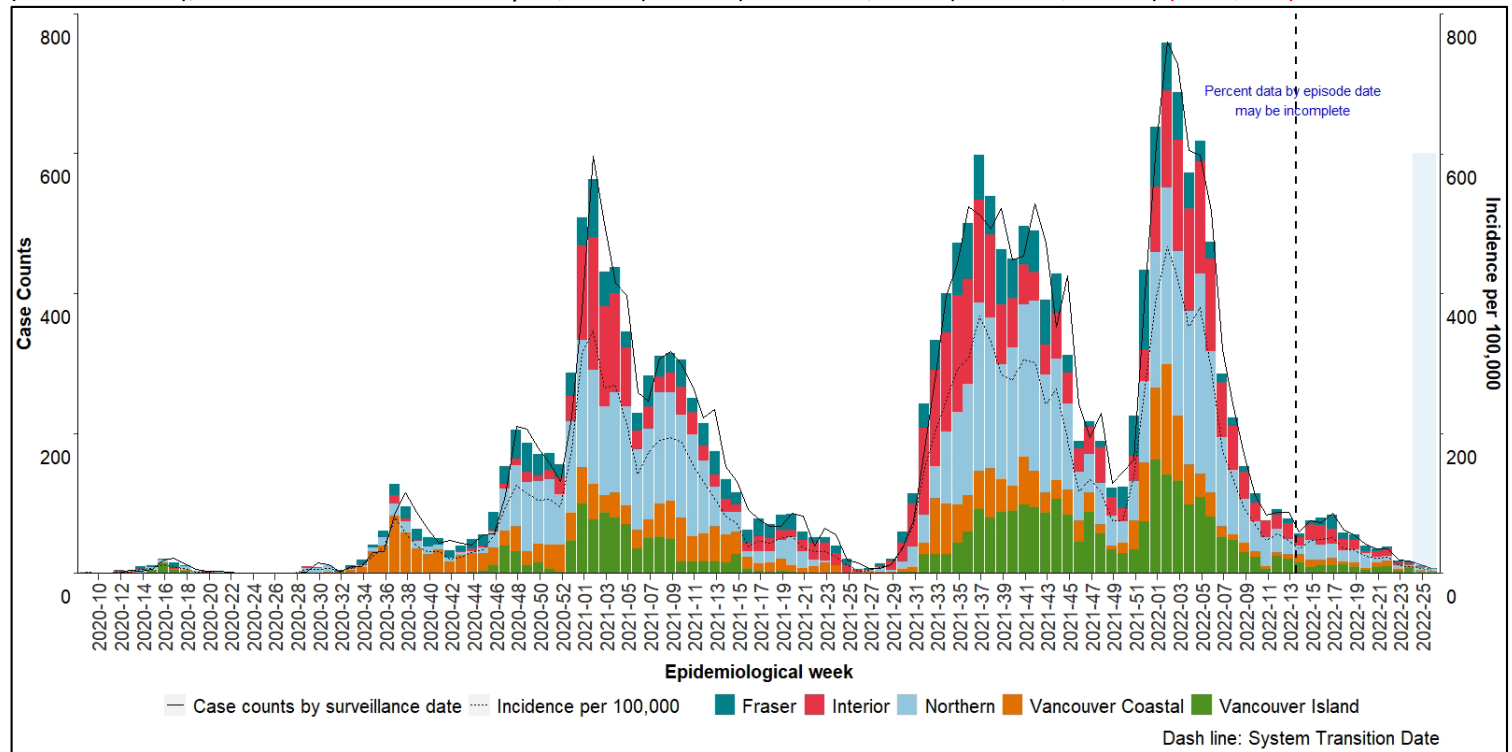
* Total number of cases (n=20,636) includes 2 cases reported as Out of Country.

¹ Case counts in this report are likely an underestimate of the true number of COVID-19 cases due to changes in testing strategies driven by the Omicron variant (<http://www.bccdc.ca/health-info/diseases-conditions/covid-19/testing/when-to-get-a-covid-19-test>). Total COVID-19 cases include lab-confirmed, lab-probable and epi-linked cases. From January 2020 to April 1, 2022 cases included those reported by regional health authorities and positive laboratory results in the Provincial Laboratory Information Solution (PLIS) or Sunquest. As of April 2, 2022 only cases with positive laboratory results in PHSA's PCMS are included. These case counts do not include people who only tested positive by rapid antigen tests. Self-reporting is also no longer possible through the provincial COVID-19 positive test result reporting form.

Regional Testing Data for the Past Week (June 22 - June 27, 2022)

	Fraser Salish	Interior	Northern	Vancouver Coastal	Vancouver Island	Total N (%)
Total persons tested over the past week	47	33	38	43	30	191
Percentage positivity (%) over the past week	4.3%	3.0%	15.8%	4.7%	10.0%	7.3%

Epidemic curve for COVID-19 cases among First Nations in BC by episode date, surveillance date (line) and health authority (coloured bars),^a British Columbia February 23, 2020 (Week-9) – June 27, 2022 (Week-26, 2022*) (n=20,636)



^a Total COVID-19 cases include lab-confirmed, lab-probable and epi-linked cases. From January 2020 to April 1, 2022 cases included those reported by the health authorities and positive laboratory results in the PLIS or Sunquest. As of April 2, 2022, only cases with positive laboratory results in PHSA's PCMS are included (up to June 27, 2022). This epidemiological curve represents the weekly cases reported among First Nations in BC. The proportion of cases within each region is colour coded and the case counts each day are represented by the solid black line. The incidence per 100,000 are represented by the dotted line. Regions are represented in the diagram as: Fraser – Dark blue, Interior – Red, Northern – Light Blue, Vancouver Coastal – Orange, and Vancouver Island – Green.

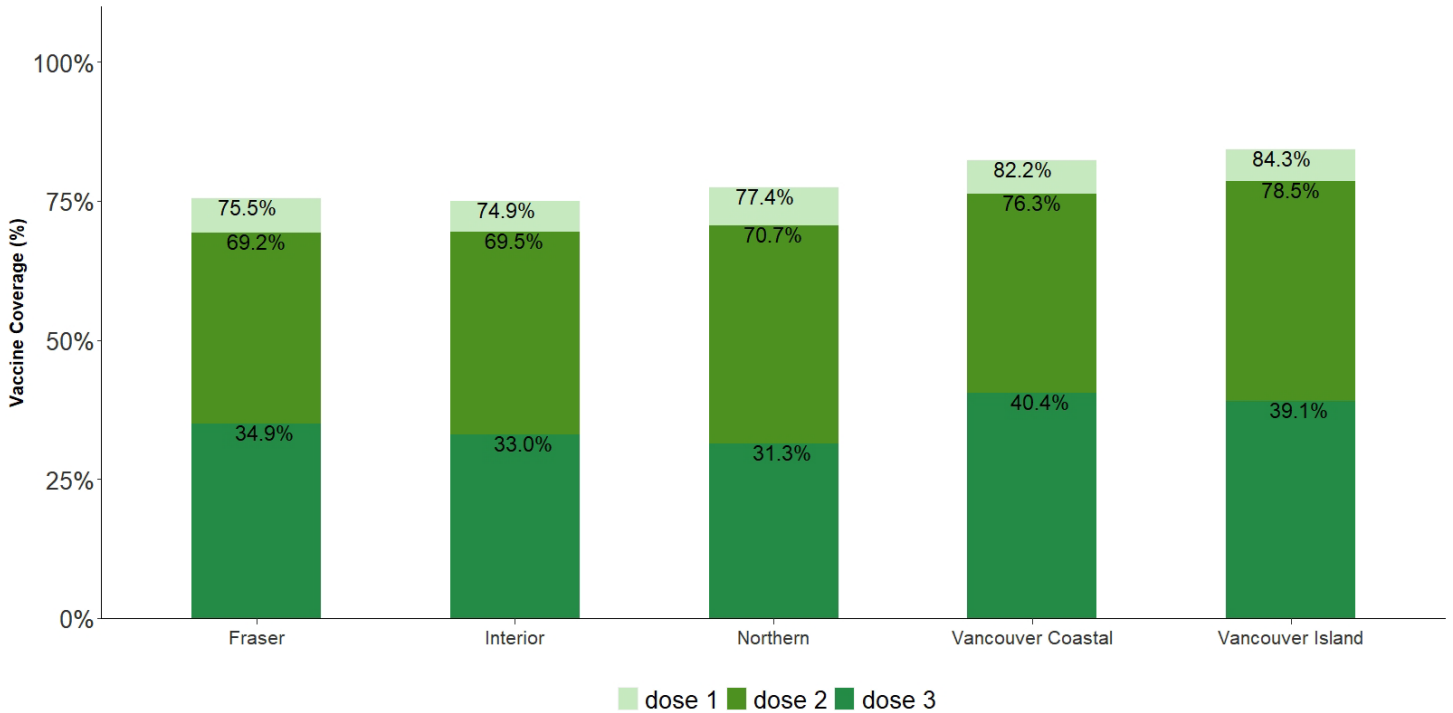
Vaccine Distribution

- As of June 27, more than 121,400 individuals 18+ years of age and more than 20,400 individuals aged 5-17 years have received at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine in First Nations communities, as well as outside of communities by regional health authorities. These individuals are First Nations people, as well as some non-First Nations people who were vaccinated in community. Of these individuals, more than 111,600 First Nations people 18+ years of age and more than 16,300 First Nations individuals 5-17 years old have received at least two doses. Of these individuals, more than 60,400 First Nations people 5+ years of age have received third doses.
- As of June 27, 79.8% of 5+ years status and status-eligible First Nations people in BC have received at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine, 73.4% of 5+ years have received at least two doses, and 35.5% of 5+ years have received at least three doses.
- As of June 25, 2022, 91% (4,520,321) of eligible people five and older in BC have received their first dose of COVID-19 vaccine, 88% (4,380,435) have received their second dose, and 56% (2,771,389) have received their third dose.²

² British Columbia COVID-19 Dashboard <https://experience.arcgis.com/experience/a6f23959a8b14bfa989e3cda29297ded>

First Nations COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage, by Health Authority

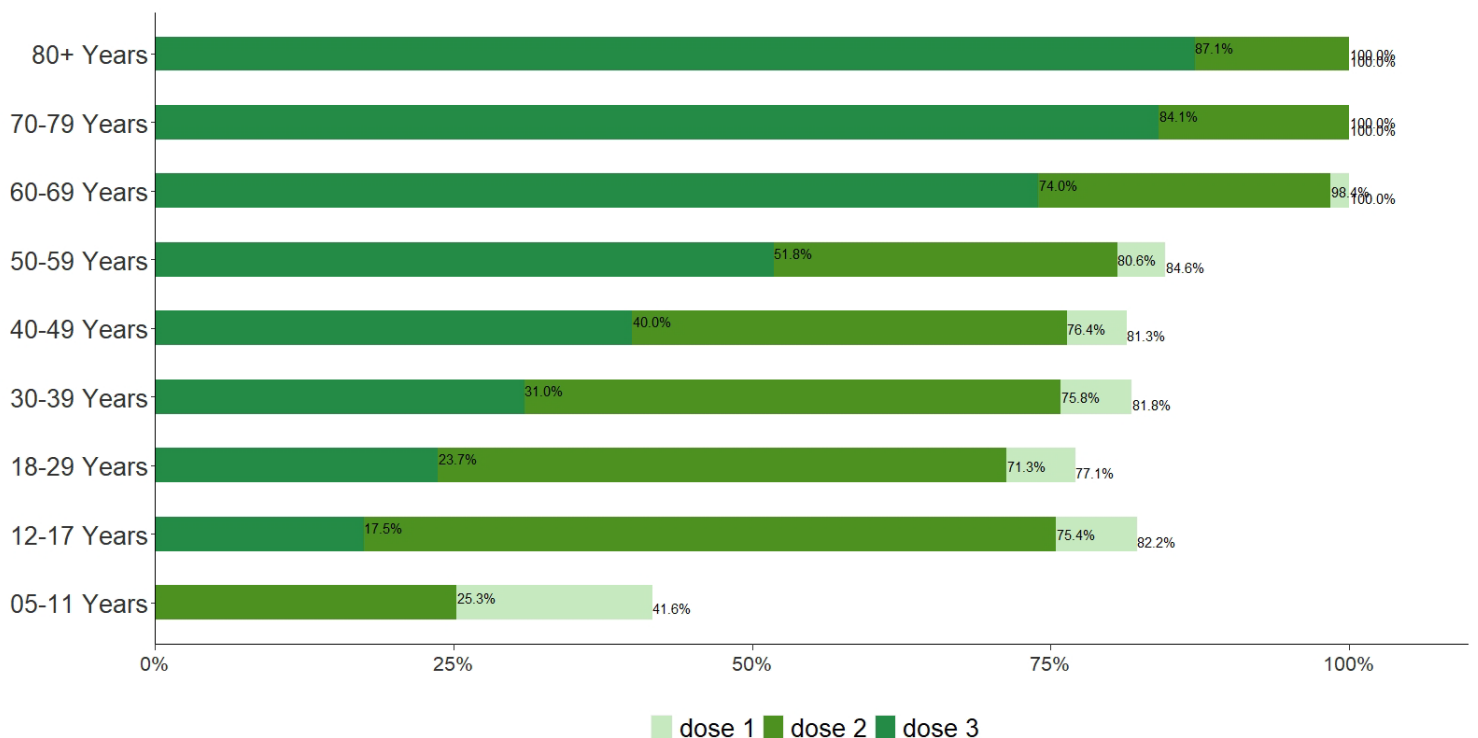
Doses 1, 2 and 3 (PHSA e-form, PIR, dose 1= 121,224, dose 2= 111,853, dose 3= 54,333), 5+ years, up to June 27, 2022



* Health authority information was not available for 2,370 clients for dose 1, 1,765 clients for dose 2 and 568 clients for dose 3.
 **These analyses were only possible for status and status-eligible First Nations, and do not include non-status First Nations
 Please note that the coverage rates shown include 5-11 year olds and cannot be directly compared to previous rates for 12+ years as the total population eligible for vaccination is now larger.

First Nations COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage, by Age Group

Doses 1, 2 and 3 (PHSA e-form, PIR, dose 1= 123,594, dose 2= 113,618, dose 3= 54,901), 5+ years, up to June 27, 2022



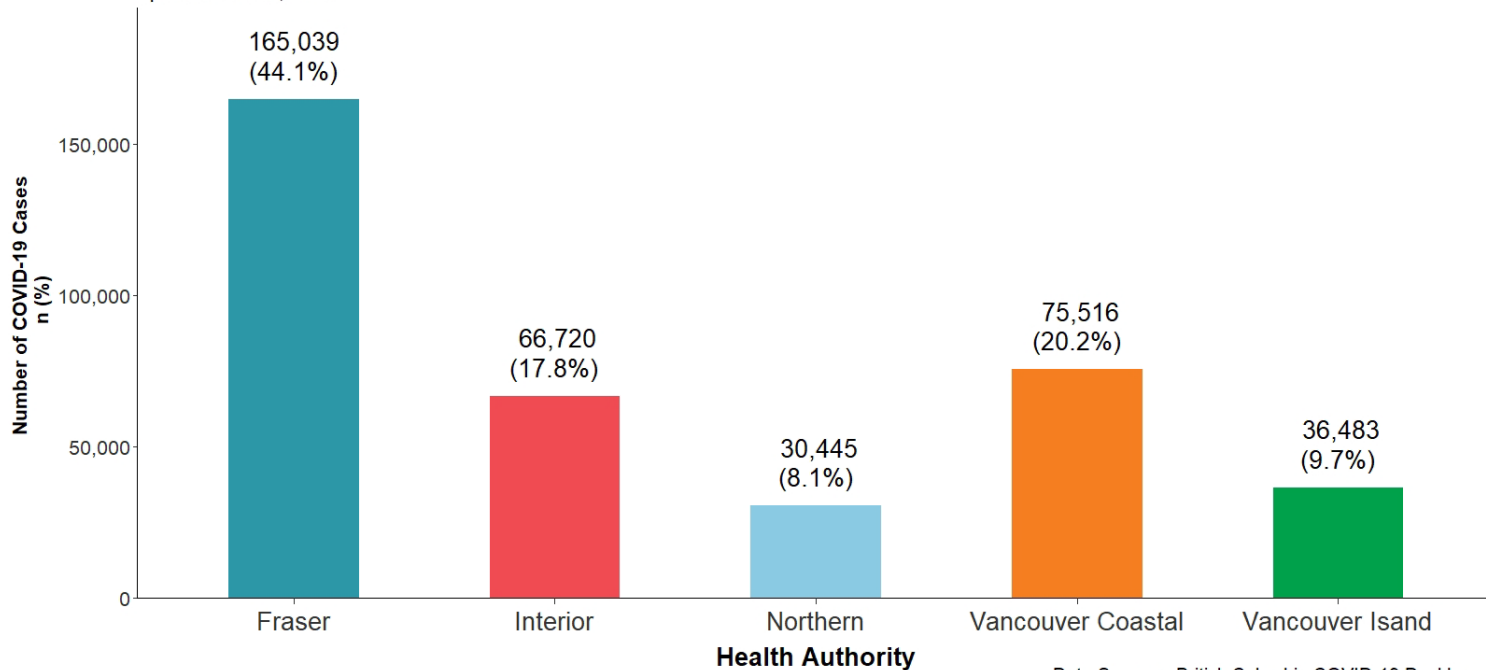
* These analyses were only possible for status and status-eligible First Nations, and do not include non-status First Nations.
 ** Please note that coverage rates are approximations and are capped at 100%.

Provincial COVID-19 Cases

- Since the start of the pandemic, there have been 374,594 confirmed cases in BC as of June 30, 2022.
- There have been 3,747 deaths from COVID-19 as of June 25, 2022.
- As of June 30, 32 people were in critical care and 273 were hospitalized due to COVID-19.

Regional Breakdown of Total Number of COVID-19 Cases in BC (n=374,203)

Updated: Jun 25, 2022



Data Sources: British Columbia COVID-19 Dashboard

*Total number of cases (n=374,594) include 391 cases reported as "Out of Canada" residents. Above figure provides regional distribution of COVID-19 cases (n=374,203) reported as BC residents.

* A geographic distribution of COVID-19 by Local Health Area can be found [here](#).

First Nations Community Statistics from Indigenous Services Canada (June 30, 2022):

Access Restrictions: 128 (same)	Security Checkpoints: 66 (same)
Band Offices Inaccessible: 83 (same)	State of Local Emergency: 46 (same)
	EOC Activations: 119 (same)

FNHA Resources and Supports

Information for First Nations individuals

Visit: <https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/public> to find out more including information on [COVID-19 vaccines](#), [self-isolation](#), [testing and symptoms](#), medical support including [First Nations Virtual Doctor of the Day service](#), and [mental health and cultural supports](#)

Information for community leaders

Visit: <https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/community-leaders> to find out more including information on COVID-19 vaccines, past COVID-19 Community Situation Reports, support and funding, resumption of services, personal protective equipment, and Health Benefits

Resources for health professionals

Visit: <https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/health-professionals> to find out more including information on COVID-19 management, COVID-19 vaccines, infection prevention and control, personal protective equipment, and nursing practice

Latest News

- [Join Our 30x30 Active Challenge and Jumpstart Your Health!](#) May 27, 2022.
- [Stay Home When Feeling Sick: Don't Risk Spreading COVID-19!](#) May 13, 2022.
- [Living with the Long-Term Effects of Post-COVID-19.](#) May 3, 2022.
- [Now Is a Great Time to Ensure Your Vaccinations Are Up to Date.](#) April 22, 2022.
- [British Columbia to Launch Spring Booster Campaign.](#) April 5, 2022.
- [Do Eased Restrictions Mean the COVID-19 Pandemic Is Over?](#) March 31, 2022.

For more latest news visit <https://www.fnha.ca/about/news-and-events>

FNHA Response

The FNHA is working in partnership with First Nations communities to ensure communities' needs are met, including by:

- Maintaining essential services to support First Nations communities during the pandemic
- Providing COVID-19 funding resources and wrap around supports including for medical transportation, self-isolation and quarantine; see the [FNHA Community Support Guide](#) for more information; support requests can be sent to COVID19needs@fnha.ca
- Supplying First Nations communities with personal protective equipment; requests can be sent to COVID19needs@fnha.ca; the form for ordering personal protective equipment is available at: <https://www.fnha.ca/AboutSite/NewsAndEventsSite/NewsSite/Documents/FNHA-Process-and-Considerations-for-obtaining-additional-PPE-for-BC-First-Nations-Communities-Annex-A.pdf>
- Supporting First Nations communities in refreshing their Communicable Disease Emergencies Plans
- Maintaining virtual care services including First Nations Virtual Doctor of the Day and First Nations Virtual Substance Use and Psychiatry Service
- Deploying community based testing for COVID-19, and ensuring that rapid tests are available to all First Nations communities
- Maintaining regular communication and updates with regional health authorities, Emergency Management of BC, Ministry of Health, First Nations Leadership Council, and Indigenous Services Canada to proactively identify needs and address issues

COVID-19 vaccines prioritized for First Nations people

The FNHA has worked closely with First Nations communities and other health partners to support vaccine distribution and planning and to prioritize available doses for all communities. First, second and booster dose clinics in First Nations communities have been completed. However, the FNHA continues to support communities' vaccination clinics, as needed, and is working with regional health authorities to ensure adequate vaccine supply is available at local health units so that communities can order them as part of their established ordering pathways.