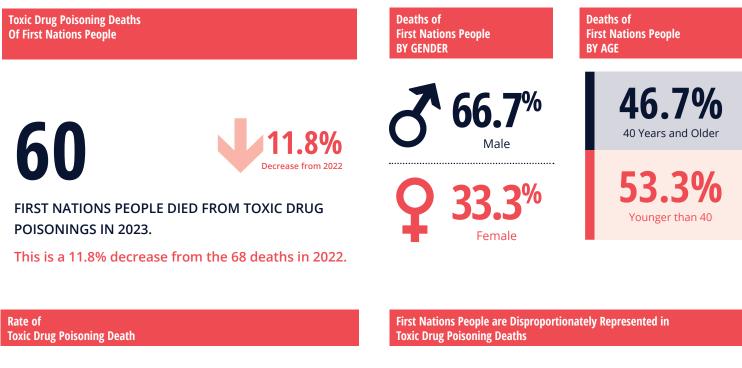
FIRST NATIONS AND THE TOXIC DRUG POISONING CRISIS IN BC

INTERIOR | JANUARY - DECEMBER 2023

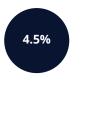
Harm reduction efforts are saving lives but drug toxicity continues at record high levels affecting First Nations families and communities across BC.

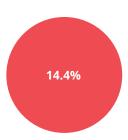
The data presented here is specific to the Interior Region.



3.7x

First Nations people experienced a death rate 3.7x higher than other residents of the region.





First Nations people make up 4.5% of the region's population. **14.4%** of toxic drug poisoning deaths in 2023 were First Nations people.



First Nations Health Authority Health through wellness This data includes only Status First Nations people and their status-eligible descendants. Additionally, our data is limited to biological sex at birth, which may misidentify two-spirit, transgender, nonbinary, intersex, and gender diverse people. Data are collected as of February 2024, and are subject to change.

The FNHA gratefully acknowledges the health partners that make this data available: BC Centre for Disease Control, BC Coroners Service, BC Emergency Health Services, and the BC Ministry of Health.

You may find this information distressing. Cultural support is available at Tsow Tun Le Lum Society. Call 1-888-403-3123 (toll-free) or visit www.tsowtunlelum.org

Toxic Drug Poisoning Events involving First Nations People

530

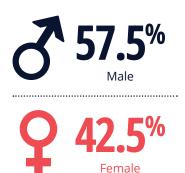


TOXIC DRUG POISONING EVENTS EXPERIENCED BY FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE IN 2023

This is an increase of 14.5% from 463 events experienced in 2022.

4.9 X First Nations people experienced an event rate 4.9x higher than other residents of the region.

Events of First Nations People BY GENDER

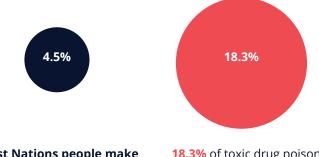


Events of First Nations People BY AGE



68.3% Younger than 40

First Nations People are Disproportionately Represented in Toxic Drug Poisoning events



First Nations people make up 4.5% of the region's population. **18.3%** of toxic drug poisoning events in 2023 were First Nations people.

NOTES

- Most toxic drug poisoning events are non-fatal and represent when paramedics were called and responded to a poisoning. Events that were treated successfully in community and events where 9-1-1 was not called are not captured in this data
- Event data is only collected for people with documented BC Personal Health Numbers (PHNs), and is therefore likely an underestimate, due to missing PHNs for some events

REGIONAL WELLNESS AND CULTURAL SUPPORTS

Interior Region IRSupports@fnha.ca

Regional FNHA Staff

Manager, Interior Region Mental Health & Wellness Debra Robbins

Regional Addictions Specialists Shae-Lynn Boyko Candace Giles

Community Crisis Response Lead Storme Sandy

Indigenous Harm Reduction Educator Alice George

Regional Community Coordinator, Child & Youth Care Cathy Balatti

Mental Health & Wellness Liaison Destiny Dendewicz

Wellness Navigator, Substance Use Hannah McGrath

Emotional and Cultural Support

Interior Region Community-Based Crisis Support – Call 1833-751-2525 (M-F 8am-4pm) or visit IRSupport@fnha.ca Tsow Tun Le Lum Society – Call 1-888-403-3123 (toll-free) or visit www.tsowtunlelum.org

Indian Residential School

Crisis Line is a national service for anyone experiencing pain or distress as a result of their residential school experience. Call toll-free 1-866-925-4419.

KUU-US Crisis Service – Call 1-800-KUU-US17 (588-8717) for an immediate response. 24-hours a day, seven days a week.

Hope for Wellness Help Line

offers immediate mental health counselling and crisis intervention by phone or online chat. Call toll-free 1-855-242-3310 or start a confidential chat with a counsellor at www. hopeforwellness.ca

Interior Region Harm Reduction Support interior_harm_reduction@fnha.ca

Drug Alerts - Text JOIN to ALERTS (253787)

WWW.FNHA.CA/HARMREDUCTION