

FIRST NATIONS AND THE TOXIC DRUG POISONING CRISIS IN BC

VANCOUVER COASTAL | JANUARY - JUNE 2024



Harm reduction efforts are saving lives but drug toxicity continues at record high levels affecting First Nations families and communities across BC.

The data presented here is specific to the Vancouver Coastal Region.

Toxic Drug Poisoning Deaths Of First Nations People

72

↓ 8.9%
Decrease from the same period in 2023

FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE DIED FROM TOXIC DRUG POISONINGS BETWEEN JAN-JUNE 2024.

This is a 8.9% decrease from the 79 deaths during the same period in 2023.

Rate of Toxic Drug Poisoning Death

14.9x

First Nations people experienced a death rate 14.9x higher than other residents of the region between Jan-June 2024.

Deaths of First Nations People BY SEX

♂ 65.3%
Male

♀ 34.7%
Female

Deaths of First Nations People BY AGE

66.7%
40 Years and Older

33.3%
Younger than 40

First Nations People are Disproportionately Represented in Toxic Drug Poisoning Deaths

2.1%

First Nations people make up 2.1% of the region's population.

23.8%

23.8% of toxic drug poisoning deaths between Jan-June 2024 were First Nations people.



First Nations Health Authority
Health through wellness

This data includes only Status First Nations people and their status-eligible descendants. Additionally, our data is limited to biological sex at birth, which may misidentify two-spirit, transgender, non-binary, intersex, and gender diverse people. Surveillance data is dynamic and subject to change with new information and historical corrections.

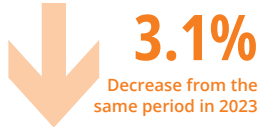
The FNHA gratefully acknowledges the health partners that make this data available: BC Centre for Disease Control, BC Coroners Service, BC Emergency Health Services, and the BC Ministry of Health.

You may find this information distressing. Cultural support is available at Tsow Tun Le Lum Society. Call 1-888-403-3123 (toll-free) or visit www.tsowtunlelum.org



Toxic Drug Poisoning Events involving First Nations People

501



TOXIC DRUG POISONING EVENTS EXPERIENCED BY FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE BETWEEN JAN-JUNE 2024.

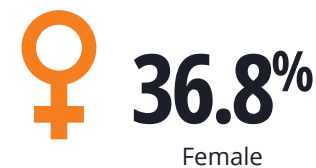
This is a decrease of 3.1% from 517 events experienced during the same period in 2023.

Rate of Toxic Drug Poisoning Events involving First Nations People

14.6 x

First Nations people experienced an event rate 14.6x higher than other residents of the region between Jan-June 2024.

Events of First Nations People BY SEX



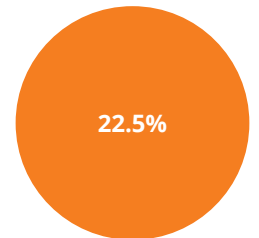
Events of First Nations People BY AGE



First Nations People are Disproportionately Represented in Toxic Drug Poisoning Events



First Nations people make up 2.1% of the region's population.



22.5% of toxic drug poisoning events between Jan-June 2024 were First Nations people.

NOTES

- Most toxic drug poisoning events are non-fatal and represent instances where paramedics were called and responded to a poisoning. Events that were treated successfully in community and events where 9-1-1 was not called are not captured in this data
- Event data is only collected for people with documented BC Personal Health Numbers (PHNs), and is therefore likely an underestimate, due to missing PHNs for some events

REGIONAL WELLNESS AND CULTURAL SUPPORTS

Tsow Tun Le Lum Society – Call 1-888-403-3123 (toll-free) or visit www.tsowtunlelum.org

Indian Residential School Crisis Line Call toll-free 1-866-925-4419.

KUU-US Crisis Service – Call 1-800-KUU-US17 (588-8717). 24-hours a day, seven days a week.

Hope for Wellness Help Line offers immediate mental health counselling and crisis intervention. Call toll-free 1-855-242-3310 or start a confidential chat at www.hopeforwellness.ca

Kids Help Phone 1-800-668-6868 or text 686868

KUU-US Youth Crisis Line 250-723-2040

Regional FNHA staff

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Jen Smith

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